



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Smallpox in the District of Columbia.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to state that since the date of my last letter (May 11, 1900) relative to the smallpox situation, 8 new cases of that disease have been reported, 1 recovered, and 1 died. There are, therefore, at this date 11 cases of smallpox in this District, all confined to the smallpox hospital.

Respectfully,

WM. C. WOODWARD, M. D.,
Health Officer.

ILLINOIS.

Smallpox at Cairo.

CAIRO, ILL., May 26, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report for the week ended May 26, 1900, 4 new cases of smallpox and no deaths in this city. Total number reported to date, 103 cases and 6 deaths.

Respectfully,

JOHN MILTON HOLT,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., In Command.*Smallpox in Evansville, Ind.*

EVANSVILLE, IND., May 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the number of smallpox cases in the isolation hospital for the week ended May 20, 1900: On hand May 13, 14; admitted during the week, 7; discharged during the week, 6; died during the week, none; remaining, 15.

Respectfully,

W. A. KORN,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

KANSAS.

Smallpox in State.

TOPEKA, KANS., May 9, 1900.

SIR: In compliance with the resolutions adopted by the national conference of State and provincial boards of health at Toronto, 1886, and Washington, 1887, it becomes my duty to inform you that smallpox has been reported to this office from the following points in the State of Kansas during the month of April, 1900:

Argentine, 3 cases; Barber County, 28 cases; Cherokee County, 19 cases, 1 death; Dickinson County, 13 cases; Douglas County, 4 cases; Franklin County, 22 cases; Greenwood County, 6 cases; Horton, 6 cases; Kansas City, 11 cases; Lost Springs (Marion County), 1 case; Manhattan, 5 cases; Newton, 8 cases; Osawatomie, 1 case; Ottawa County, 21 cases; Paola, 6 cases; Pottawatomie County, 40 cases; Salina, 44 cases; Saline County, 8 cases; Shawnee County, 6 cases; Sterling (Rice County), 13 cases; Sumner County, 35 cases; Topeka, 52 cases; Wichita, 18 cases. Total number of cases, 370. Total number of deaths, 1.

The reports for April from the various county health officers show a marked decrease in the number of cases and deaths during the month. The disease is certainly under control and will soon be stamped out.

Respectfully,

W. B. SWAN, M. D.,
Secretary State Board of Health.